



SignalSTAT Report

Name	Ashraf^Congee^^^	SignalPET Hospital	REPORT ID :	7915017
Owner	Congee	1234 Main st	DATE OF RESULT:	
Species	Feline	dallas, TX, 75230		
Breed	N/A	demo@signalpet.com		
Gender	M			
Age	2021-01-31			
Patient ID	2103			

Consult History

Recent onset of coughing, wheezing, and labored breathing after changing to new litter. Per owner, improved when owner took to EVC and placed in oxygen tank and given albuterol treatment. No previous radiographs or records available.

Summary

Summary of findings:

Thorax

- * The VHS is calculated as 7.1, within normal range.
- * A bronchial pattern is present.
- * No pulmonary masses, lymphadenopathy, or mediastinal masses are noted.
- * The pleural space is normal.
- * The diaphragm is unremarkable.

Abdomen

- * The liver is unremarkable.
- * The spleen is visualized in the cranioventral abdomen.
- * There is distension of the stomach with presence of radiopaque material.
- * The small intestines appear within normal limits.
- * There is no plication of the small intestine or distension of the small intestine indicative of obstruction.
- * There is no evidence of a mass or mass effect within the abdomen.
- * The serosal detail of the abdomen is normal.
- * The urinary tract is normal.
- * The visualized kidneys are within normal limits.

* The urinary bladder is within normal limits.

* No evidence of urolithiasis.

Musculoskeletal

* No appendicular fractures are noted.

* No aggressive osseous lesions identified.

* The spine is radiographically normal.

* No significant intervertebral disc space narrowing is identified.

* There are degenerative changes noted in the left elbow.

Conclusions/recommendations:

* Bronchial pattern is consistent with lower airway disease/bronchitis. Differentials include feline asthma, chronic inhaled irritants, infectious etiologies (bacterial) and parasitic (including heartworm disease).

- Correlate with clinical history and/or additional diagnostics and continue medical management.

* Hepatomegaly consistent with a benign hepatopathy (metabolic/endocrine, vacuolar or EMH/nodular hyperplasia).

Infiltrative neoplasia or acute hepatitis cannot be ruled out.

- Correlate with blood work for clinical significance. Consider abdominal ultrasound for further investigation.

* Visualization of the spleen may be normal variation or due to infiltrative disease such as lymphosarcoma, mast cell neoplasia, or other.

- Consider abdominal ultrasound for further investigation.

* Gastric material. This may represent food however foreign material cannot be entirely ruled out.

- Repeating fasting abdominal radiographs in 12-24 hours could be considered to assess gastric emptying.

* Degenerative changes/enthesopathy noted of the left elbow. Likely incidental.

